

Model Rule 2

Mediator Qualifications and Compensation

- (a) Register of Mediators. The Clerk shall establish and maintain a register of persons (the "Register of Mediators") qualified under this Local Rule and designated by the Court to serve as mediators in the Mediation Program. The Chief Bankruptcy Judge shall appoint a Judge of this Court, the Clerk or a person qualified under this Local Rule who is a member in good standing of the Bar of the State of _____ to serve as the Mediation Program Administrator. Aided by a staff member of the Court, the Mediation Administrator shall receive applications for designation to the Register, maintain the Register, track and compile reports on the Mediation Program and otherwise administer the program.
- (b) Application and Qualifications. Each applicant shall submit to the Mediation Program Administrator a statement of professional qualifications, experience, training and other information demonstrating, in the applicant's opinion, why the applicant should be designated to the Register. The applicant shall submit the statement substantially in compliance with Local Form _____. The statement also shall set forth whether the applicant has been removed from any professional organization, or has resigned from any professional organization while an investigation into allegations of professional misconduct was pending and the circumstances of such removal or resignation. This statement shall constitute an application for designation to the Mediation Program. Each applicant shall certify that the applicant has completed appropriate mediation training or has sufficient experience in the mediation process. To have satisfied the requirement of "appropriate mediation training" the applicant should have successfully completed at least 40 hours of mediation training sponsored by a nationally recognized bankruptcy organization. To have satisfied the requirement of "sufficient experience in the mediation process" the applicant must have at least ten (10) years of professional experience in the insolvency field.
- (c) Court Certification. The Court in its sole and absolute discretion, on any feasible basis shall grant or deny any application submitted under this Local Rule. If the Court grants the application, the applicant's name shall be added to the Register, subject to removal under these Local Rules.
- (i) Reaffirmation of Qualifications. The Mediation Program Administrator may request from each applicant accepted for designation to the Register to reaffirm annually the continued existence and accuracy of the qualifications, statements and representations made in the application. If such a request is made and not complied with within one month of such request, the applicant shall be removed from the Register until compliance is complete (the "Suspension of Eligibility"). After the passage of six months from the Suspension of Eligibility, if compliance is not complete, the applicant shall be permanently removed from the Register and may only be placed on the Registry by reapplying in the manner set forth pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of this Local Rule 2.
- (d) Removal from Register. A person shall be removed from the Register either at the person's request or by Court order entered on the sole and absolute determination of the Court. If removed by Court order, the person shall be eligible to file an application for reinstatement after one year.

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(e) Appointment.

- (i) Selection. Upon assignment of a matter to mediation in accordance with these Local Rules and unless special circumstances exist, as determined by the Court, the parties shall select a mediator. If the parties fail to make such selection within the time frame as set by the Court, then the Court shall appoint a mediator. A mediator shall be selected from the Register of Mediators, unless the parties stipulate and agree to a mediator not on the Register of Mediators.
- (ii) Inability to Serve. If the mediator is unable to or elects not to serve, he or she shall file and serve on all parties, and on the Mediation Program Administrator, within seven (7) days after receipt of notice of appointment, a notice of inability to accept the appointment. In such event an alternative mediator shall be selected in accordance with the procedures pursuant to Subsection (e)(i) of this Local Rule 2.

(iii) Disqualification.

- (A) Disqualifying Events. Any person selected as a mediator may be disqualified for bias or prejudice in the same manner that a Judge may be disqualified under 28 U.S.C. § 44. Any person selected as a mediator shall be disqualified in any matter where 28 U.S.C. § 455 would require disqualification if that person were a Judge.
- (B) Disclosure. Promptly after receiving notice of appointment, the mediator shall make an inquiry sufficient to determine whether there is a basis for disqualification under this Local Rule. The inquiry shall include, but shall not be limited to, a search for conflicts of interest in the manner prescribed by the applicable rules of professional conduct for attorneys and by the applicable rules pertaining to the profession of the mediator. Within ten (10) days after receiving notice of appointment, the mediator shall file with the Court and serve on the parties either (1) a statement disclosing to the best of the applicant's knowledge all of the applicant's connections with the parties and their professionals, together with a statement that the mediator believes that there is no basis for disqualification and that the mediator has no actual or potential conflict of interest or (2) a notice of withdrawal.
- (C) Objection Based on Conflict of Interest. A party to the mediation who believes that the assigned mediator has a conflict of interest promptly shall bring the issue to the attention of the mediator and to the other parties. If after discussion among the mediator, the party raising the issue and the other parties the issue is not resolved and any of the parties requests the withdrawal of the mediator, the mediator shall file a notice of withdrawal.
- (f) Compensation. A mediator shall be entitled to serve as a paid mediator and shall be compensated at reasonable rates, and, subject to any judicial review of the reasonableness of fees and expenses required by this subsection of Local Rule 2, the

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mediator may require compensation and reimbursement of expenses (“Compensation”) as agreed by the parties. Court approval of the reasonableness of such fees and reimbursement of expenses shall be required if the estate is to be charged for all or part of the mediator’s Compensation and the Compensation to be paid by the estate for such mediation exceeds \$25,000. If the Compensation to be paid by the estate for the particular mediation does not exceed \$25,000, then court approval shall only be necessary if the estate representative objects to the fees sought from the estate. If the mediator consents to serve without compensation and at the conclusion of the first full day of the mediation conference it is determined by the mediator and the parties that additional time will be both necessary and productive in order to complete the mediation or arbitration, then:

- (i) If the mediator consents to continue to serve without compensation, the parties may agree to continue the mediation conference.
 - (ii) If the mediator does not consent to continue to serve without compensation, the fees and expenses shall be on such terms as are satisfactory to the mediator and the parties, subject to Court approval, if required by subsection (f) of this Local Rule 2. Where the parties have agreed to pay such fees and expenses, the parties shall share equally all such fees and expenses unless the parties agree to some other allocation. The Court may determine a different allocation.
 - (iii) Subject to Court approval, if the estate is to be charged with such expense, the mediator may be reimbursed for expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of duties.
- (g) Party Unable to Afford. If the Court determines that a party to a matter assigned to mediation cannot afford to pay the fees and costs of the mediator, the Court may appoint a mediator to serve pro bono as to that party.